

M299 Decision Rationale

Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District Visual Quality Objective Government Action Regulation 2022

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Scope

This determination rationale entails establishing revised Scenic Areas and Visual Quality Objectives (VQOs) for the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District (SCNRD) as shown in Appendix 1.

Abstract

Visual Quality Management is one of the [Forest and Range Practices Act](#) (FRPA) Values for which government may set legal objectives and that are required to be managed by forest tenure holders on provincial forest land. VQOs assign alteration categories (retention, partial retention, etc.) that are defined in the [Forest Planning Practices Regulation](#) (FPPR) and that are determined through a process typically initiated by a [Visual Landscape Inventory](#) (VLI). The VLI data provides Recommended Visual Quality Classes (RVQC's) that are then then legally established through [Government Action Regulations](#) (GAR) in the form of Legal Ministerial Orders.

The SCNRD has undergone a VLI for all scenic areas in the district and this document outlines the methodology and rationales to support a recommendation to implement a new GAR Order for VQOs in the District.

Sunshine Coast Visual Resource Management Background

In 1991, a VLI was conducted for the SCNRD which resulted in the Established VQO following a FRPA Section 181: District Manager Letter dated May 16, 1997. Updates were made to the VQOs up until 1999.

The SCNRD recognizes that land use has changed within the Sunshine Coast, with increased focus on tourism and recreational use. The Sunshine Coast is largely accessed by water and with over 40 marine parks and reserves it attracts visitors from around the world. Outdoor recreation and tourism are important components to the local and provincial economy and tourism operators market the forest landscapes as one of the key assets that makes their product unique and attractive. The importance and increased use of tourism within the Sunshine Coast is the driving mechanism for this update to the VQOs.

Development of the new Visual Quality Objectives (VQOs) was initiated by a [Visual Landscape Inventory](#) which was conducted from 2012 to 2014. The VLI was contracted to a Visual Resource Specialist and completed a new inventory for the entire SCNRD from Howe Sound in the south, to Toba and Bute Inlets in the north, and west to Texada Island.

The 2012 to 2014 VLI update did not include Tree Farm Licence TFL39 Block 1 which has an established Order for Visuals from June 19, 2009. The intent of this order is to incorporate the 2009 TFL GAR Order VQOs as they are established within the boundaries of TFL39 result in a single GAR Order for Visuals that establishes scenic areas and VQOs for the entire SCNRD. None of the VQOs within TFL39 were modified for the purpose of this order.

Following consultation with shíshálh Nation, the Nation has requested that changes to the VQOs in the Swiya be deferred to allow the Nation time to complete Land Use Planning processes. The VLI update and Public Review and Comment information has been collected and reviewed for polygons within the Swiya, however for the purposes of this Order, there have been no changes to the VQOs that are currently in use within the Swiya. Changes to the Swiya may be amended into this Order at a later date. This rationale document has excluded comments received, and the review information regarding areas within the Swiya. These comments and review information have been documented and may be utilized during future planning within the Swiya.

Authority

The authority to establish or amend Scenic Areas and VQOs is provided to the Minister responsible for the *Forest Act and Land Act* under Section 150.3 of the FRPA and Section 7(1) and 7(2) of the GAR. This authority has been delegated under GAR by the Minister of Forests (MOF) to the District Manager as per the approved delegation matrix dated April 1, 2022.

GAR Order Approval Tests

VQOs are established under the GAR Section 2. There are 4 tests that must be met prior to a District Manager signing of a government order to establish, modify or cancel VQOs. These tests are:

1. Is special management required?
2. Is the order consistent with (other) established objectives?
3. Would the proposed action unduly reduce the supply of timber from BC's forests?
4. Do public benefits from the action outweigh any material adverse impact on delivered wood costs and any undue constraint on the ability of a forest agreement holder to exercise their rights?

In addition to these tests, GAR s. 3(2) requires that holders of agreements under the Forest Act affected by the order are to be given an opportunity for review and comment. There are also legal obligations to consult with affected First Nations and it is advised to provide a review and

comment opportunity to the public and stakeholders, including, recreation groups and commercial tourism operators.

Methodology in Determining the Order Objectives

Guidance for establishing a GAR Order, provided by the *Government Action Regulation Policy and Procedures Manual* (Revised April 2013), has been followed in the process of developing this Order.

Significant effort has been made to ensure that the development of the VQOs has considered aspects of the Visual Landscape Inventory, input from First Nations, input from Licensees and Stakeholders, and the potential impact on both forest and tourism industries. The determination process was held in several steps:

1. Visual Landscape Inventory
2. First Nations Consultation
3. Preliminary Review Period
4. Timber Supply Impact Analysis
5. Review and Comment Period
6. Final Timber Supply Impact Analysis
7. GAR Test and Recommendation

Visual Landscape Inventory (VLI)

The VLI assesses visible areas at the landform level based on specific criteria in order to assign them a Visual Sensitivity Class (VSC). Section 9.2 of the [Forest Planning and Practices Regulations](#) establishes what Alteration Category is required for each VSC. For example, if a VLI conducted on a scenic landform resulted in a VSC of 3, the VQO Alteration Category must be in either a partial retention or modification. 'Categories of visually altered forest landscape' are defined under the FPPR Section 1.1.

Alteration Categories of forest landscapes were developed through research that conducted [public perception studies](#) of various intensities of alterations on different landforms.

The VLI also provides Recommended Visual Quality Classes (RVQC's) which indicate which Alteration Category is likely to result in the best outcome based on the professional advice of the person(s) conducting the inventory.

The SCNRD's Visual Landscape Re-Inventory was initiated in August 2011 by Jaques Marc, Visual Resource Management Officer at the Forest Practices Branch Office. Three phases of re-inventory were completed from 2012 to 2014 which provide an updated assessment of the visible landscape measures from Howe Sound in the south, to Toba and Bute Inlets in the north, west to Texada Island and Lasqueti Island.

The *Visual Landscape Re-Inventory Summary Report* (Appendix 5) presents a comparative analysis of the changes in Visual Landscape Inventory (VLI ratings between 1999 and 2014 re-inventory).

The VLI Re-Inventory was completed in 2015 and provided a set of RVQC's. The objective of the inventory was to assist the District Manager with making future VQO changes under GAR 7.

Further information regarding the inventory process can be found in the [VLI Procedures & Standards Manual](#).

First Nations Consultation

The SCNRD is situated in the traditional territories of Seventeen (17) First Nations who have lived here since time immemorial.

For the purposes of this VQO GAR Order process, only those Nations whose territories would potentially be impacted by changes to the Visual Quality Objectives were consulted with. The following table lists the Nations that were included as part of the consultation process:

Preferred Name	Legal Name
Xwísten	Bridge River Indian Band
łoʔos	Klahoose First Nation
Kwiakah First Nation	Kwiakah First nation
xʷməθkʷəy̓əm	Musqueam Indian Band
Snaw-Naw-As	Nanoose First nation
N̓anwak̓olas Council	Nanwakolas Council
Qualicum First Nation	Qualicum First Nation
Sháshíshálh	shíshálh Nation
S̓k̓w̓x̓w̓ú7mesh Úxwumixw	Squamish Nation
T'it'q'et First Nation	T'it'q'et First Nation
łəʔamən	Tla'amin Nation
səlilwətał	Tsleil-Waututh Nation
Ulkatchot'en	Ulkatcho First Nation
We Wai Kai Nation	We Wai Kai First Nation

χ ^w emaᑭku	Xwémalhkwu First Nation, Homalco First Nation
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An information letter regarding the intent to establish new VQOs for the SCNRD was sent to each First Nation by email on January 18, 2019, with an invitation to meet and provide feedback. The letter included a link to an FTP site that contained the following documents:

1. Maps of the Established Visual Quality Objectives (*EVQO SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf* and *EVQO SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*)
2. Maps of the Recommended Visual Landscape Inventory RVQCs (*RVQC SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf* and *RVQC SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*)
3. Shapefiles of the Draft VQOs (*DSC_VLI_under_review_most_recent.gdb.zip*)
4. VQO Feedback Form (*VQO Feedback Form.docx*)

The initial deadline for providing feedback was February 18, 2019, however, this was extended to March 15, 2019.

Further information regarding consultation with First Nations can be found in the Consultation Record and Tracking System (CRTS).

Preliminary Referral Process

In accordance with the GAR Order process, all licence holders within the effected area of the Order were informed via e-mail, letter, or other form of communication to give them advance notice of the proposed Order. Several meetings were held with licensees to allow discussion on the need for updated VQOs and the approach to receive their input on the RVQCs.

The Discovery Island Tourism-Forestry Working Group (DIWG) and the Forest Management Leadership Team (FMLT) were selected as venues to present the proposed Order to licence holders. These venues were selected as they are established groups that hold regular meetings with members that are representatives of forest tenure holders.

On December 13, 2018, the SCNRD initiated the GAR Order Preliminary Referral Process at a DIWG meeting held in Campbell River. The DIWG was formed to build effective working relationships and improve communication between the forestry and tourism sectors in the Discovery Islands and includes members representing First Nations, tourism, and forestry businesses. The SCNRD presented a comprehensive tutorial on the basics of Visual Quality Management and the general GAR Order process, then reviewed the results of the Discovery Island Monitoring Report (Appendix 5) and summarised the results of the VLI specifically within

the DIWG Area Focus Area 1 as shown on the DIWG online Map (<http://www.discoveryislands.ca/chamber/forestrymap.html>).

A second Preliminary Review meeting was held January 10, 2019, with the Forestry Management Leadership Team (FMLT). The FMLT is a district-led forum that is used to disseminate information between forest tenure holders and the district. This meeting presented the RVQC maps RVQCs (*RVQC SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf* and *RVQC SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*) (Appendix 3) and discussed the GAR Order process and plans for receiving input for the VQO GAR Order.

At both meetings, the SCNRD presented and requested that parties use a feedback form (Appendix 3) that was created by the SCNRD to assist users to submit adequate information with their feedback so that the review process would be meaningful and effective.

On January 18, 2019, a Notice of Intention to create a GAR Order was sent to all forest tenure holders and the DIWG in a letter containing information regarding the GAR Order and an invitation to provide feedback. The letter included a link to an FTP site that contained the following documents:

1. Maps of the Established Visual Quality Objectives
 - a. *EVQO SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf*
 - b. *EVQO SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*
2. Maps of the Recommended Visual Landscape Inventory RVQCs
 - a. *RVQC SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf*
 - b. *RVQC SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*
3. Shapefiles of the Draft VQOs (*DSC_VLI_under_review_most_recent.gdb.zip*)
4. A VQO Feedback Form (*VQO Feedback Form.docx*)

The initial closing date for feedback was February 18, 2019, however this was extended to March 15, 2019.

Following the Preliminary Review period, the input that was received was reviewed by the Review Team, Jeremy Webb, *Visual Resource Management Specialist* for the Coast Area and Andrea Rietman, *Licensed Authorizations Officer* for the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District. The Discovery Islands area was reviewed in the field to verify the VLI data with consideration to concerns raised by the tourism members of the DIWG in Focus Area 1.

The resulting changes and a summary of the review process were presented at a DIWG meeting on February 12, 2020, and at an FMLT meeting on July 8, 2020.

Copies of the Notification letter sent to Licensees, and the DIWG and a summary of the feedback received and changes to the alteration categories of the RVQCs that were made as a result of the Preliminary Referral Process can be found in Appendix 3.

Timber Supply Impact Analysis

One of the GAR Order tests is “Would the proposed action unduly reduce the supply of timber from BC’s forests?” To determine what the potential impact on timber supply would be, a consultant, Ecora Consulting, was procured to run a Timber Supply Impact Analysis of the RVQCs compared to the EVQOs.

The Analysis combined data from previous Timber Supply Reviews for both the Sunshine Timber Supply Area and the portion of the Pacific Timber Supply Area that is within the SCNRD. Several updates and deletions were made to the previous TSR (Timber Supply Review) data which resulted in the indicated timber supply volumes of the analysis not matching existing TSR information. A “Base Case” for each scenario was run using the Established VQOs that could be compared to the RVQOs.

Process

To evaluate potential impacts on timber supply the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District (SCNRD) was separated into three areas, the Discovery Island Tourism-Forestry Working Group (DIWG) Area, the Swiya, and areas outside of the latter two. Separating these three areas facilitated consideration of their unique visual values and evaluation of the Timber Supply impacts in each area. This was important in the DIWG Area when considering the GAR Test regarding whether the public benefits from the RVQC’s outweigh any adverse impact on timber supply.

To consider the impact of the RVQCs, a base EVQO scenario is compared to an Initial or Modified (RVQC) scenario in the corresponding area to show the percent change expected in Timber Supply as a result of the changes. In total 10 scenarios were run including a base case and initial case for each of the three areas and two modified scenarios.

All other variables that may affect Timber Supply were unchanged between scenarios.

The ‘Initial RVQC’ scenarios use data that resulted from adjustments made following the Preliminary Referral Process. The ‘Modified RVQC’ scenarios use adjustments to that data that were made during the Timber Supply Impact Analysis process to balance the impacts on Timber Supply. The following table lists each scenario, describes the area covered, and what was analyzed. Two Scenarios were run for the Swiya which are not shown.

Scenario	Name	Area Description	Case
scenario 1	District_base	The SCNRD	EVQOs
scenario 2	District_v1	The SCNRD	Initial RVQCs
scenario 5	DIWG Area_base	The DIWG Area of Interest	EVQOs
scenario 6	DIWG Area_v1	The DIWG Area of Interest	Initial RVQCs
scenario 7	Other_base	All areas of the SCNRD that are outside of the Swiya and the DIWG area	EVQOs
scenario 8	Other_v1	All areas of the SCNRD that are outside of the Swiya and the DIWG area	Initial RVQCs
scenario 9	Other_v2	All areas of the SCNRD that are outside of the Swiya and the DIWG area	Modified RVQCs
scenario 10	District_v2	The SCNRD	Modified RVQCs

Timber Supply was reported for each scenario in increments of 5-year averages for a 250-year period. For purposes of comparing scenarios, the average timber supply over the 250-year period has been used. In addition to Timber Supply volumes, the analysis provided age class distribution charts for each scenario to demonstrate the expected impact on age class over time.

Results

The results of each base scenario relative to its corresponding initial or modified scenario are presented in the following Table.

Estimated impact on Timber Supply of EVQOs vs RVQCs by Area			
Comparison	Area Description	Base Case Compared to	% Change
District (scenario 1 vs 2)	The SCNRD	Initial RVQO	-5.0%
DIWG (scenario 5 vs 6)	The DIWG Area of Interest	Initial RVQCs	-13.7%
Other_v2 (scenario 7 vs 9)	All areas of the SCNRD that are outside of the Swiya and the DIWG Area	Modified RVQCs	+2.9%
District (scenario 1 vs 10)	The SCNRD	Modified RVQCs	-2.4%

Discussion

Following the preliminary results of the comparison of the SCNRD (scenario 1 vs 2) which had an estimated impact on Timber Supply of 5% the Review Team made several changes to alteration categories of polygons that were consistent with the inventory Visual Sensitivity Classification but had also received input from the Preliminary Review and had not already been changed. By making these modifications, the Review Team balanced viewer expectations and operability. The result of these changes was to reduce the estimated impact on Timber Supply to -2.4% for the SCNRD.

The Timber Supply Impact Analysis ran a separate Analysis in the Discovery Islands Working Group Area of Interest as this part of the SCNRD is considered to have increased recreation and tourism. The results of the analysis show that the impact on Timber Supply of the new GAR Order will be higher in the DIWG Area. However, with the higher focus on recreation and tourism, this is considered reasonable given the increases in use and changes in viewer expectations that have occurred over the 27 years since the existing VLI data was first gathered in 1995.

In areas of the SCNRD outside of the DIWG Area the impact on Timber Supply is estimated to increase by 2.9% as a result of the new VQOs.

Review and Comment Period

The province acts as “trustee” on behalf of the public, overseeing stewardship of publicly owned resources including Scenic Areas. Although not required by regulation, it is considered prudent to provide the public with an opportunity to review and comment on a proposed VQO GAR Order that may directly affect their interests.

The Review and Comment Period for this GAR Order was held in two sessions over a 9-month period.

Public Review and Comment Session

The first session of the Review and Comment Period focused on soliciting feedback from the public and was initiated on January 15, 2021, with Notices advertised in local Newspapers, the Powell River Peak, and the Coast Reporter. Email Notification of the Public Review and Comment session initiation also went out to First Nations, Forest Tenures Holders, and the DIWG. The period to provide feedback was initially scheduled to close on March 16, 2021, but was extended to April 30, 2021, at the request of interested parties. Copies of the advertisements can be found in Appendix 4.

The advertisement contained a link and instructions to access an FTP that held the following:

1. Maps of the Established Visual Quality Objectives (*EVQO SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf* and *EVQO SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*)
2. Maps of the Draft Visual Quality Objectives (*Draft SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives North.pdf* and *Draft SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives South.pdf*)
3. Maps of the Draft VQOs with private land parcels masked (*RVQC SCNRD North Private Parcels Masked.pdf* and *RVQC SCNRD South Private Parcels Masked.pdf*)
4. The Draft of the VQO Order (*draft SCNRD VQO Order.docx*)
5. The Draft of the VQO Order (*draft SCNRD VQO Order.docx*)
6. Shapefiles of the Draft VQOs (*DSC_VLI_under_review_most_recent.gdb.zip*)
7. Information Pamphlets (*vrn_a_guide_to_visual_quality_objectives.pdf* and *vrn_managing_change.pdf*)
8. A VQO Feedback Form (*VQO Feedback Form.docx*)
9. A copy of this background document (*SCNRD VQO GAR Order Background.pdf*)

Interested parties were instructed to provide feedback through the email address

FTP.DSC@gov.bc.ca with

Targeted Review and Comment Session

During the initial session, there was significant interest from several parties that requested additional opportunities to participate in the process. The SCNRD acknowledged the need for further, more focused engagement and undertook a second Review and Comment Period that focused on soliciting feedback from targeted stakeholders, local governments, and special interest groups.

A list of targeted stakeholders, local governments, and special interest groups was developed using input received from parties that responded to the initial R&C session, parties already known to the SCNRD and potentially affected by the Order, and a review of the engagement list from the BCTS Chinook Business Area Forest Stewardship Plan for the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District (Approved 2018) engagement records for its R&C period with District. To optimize the engagement session, umbrella organizations that represented multiple individual parties were selected where possible. The umbrella organizations were expected to disseminate information to and from their affiliated partners and members.

Information regarding the Order was emailed to the targeted groups with an invitation to provide feedback prior to a closing date of August 20, 2021. The letter provided included a link to an FTP website which contained the following:

1. Maps of the Established Visual Quality Objectives (*EVQO SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf* and *EVQO SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*)

2. Maps of the Draft Visual Quality Objectives (*Draft SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives North.pdf* and *Draft SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives South.pdf*)
3. Maps of the Draft VQOs with private land parcels masked (*RVQC SCNRD North Private Parcels Masked.pdf* and *RVQC SCNRD South Private Parcels Masked.pdf*)
4. The Draft of the VQO Order (*draft SCNRD VQO Order.docx*)
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7. A VQO Feedback Form (*VQO Feedback Form.docx*)
8. A copy of this background document (*SCNRD VQO GAR Order Background.pdf*)

In addition to the information provided on the FTP site, the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District (SCNRD) provided three online information sessions that provided further background information regarding Visual Management and the GAR Order process. These sessions offered information on Visual Resource Management, SCNRD actions on Visual Quality, how to best provide feedback, and a discussion period with Visual Resource Specialists. The sessions were arranged geographically as follows:

- **Session 1 – Discovery Islands, Bute and Toba Inlet**
Date: Wednesday, June 2nd, 2021, 7pm
- **Session 2 – Upper Sunshine Coast, Texada Island, and Jervis Inlet**
Date: Thursday, June 3rd, 2021, 7pm
- **Session 3 – Lower Sunshine Coast, Gambier, and Nelson Islands**
Date: Tuesday, June 8th, 2021, 7pm

Throughout the second half of the Review and Comment Period, input received from any party or individual was accepted, not only input from the targeted list.

Discussion

Following the Review and Comment Period, the input received was reviewed by the Review Team, Jeremy Webb, *Visual Resource Management Specialist* for the Coast Area and Andrea Rietman, *Licensed Authorizations Officer* and Whitney Peters, *Resource Technologist* for the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District.

Feedback that was received for specific Visual Polygon IDs was considered in the context of balancing forest values such as considering the viewers expectations and the potential impact on timber supply.

Feedback that was received without identifying a specific Visual Polygon ID was recorded and considered in the context of the general importance of visual landscapes to the people who use the areas.

The amount of feedback received was significant and confirms the need to establish this Order to update the VQOs in the SCNRD.

A summary of the feedback received, and changes made during the Review and Comment Period can be found in Appendix 4.

GAR Tests and Recommendation

GAR Tests

Test 1: Is special management required?

The previous GAR Order for Visual Quality Objectives in the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District was based on an inventory conducted in 1991 with updates made up until 1999. Changes to land use, in particular recreation and tourism use have been significant in the SCNRD which makes the previous VLI data outdated. With new VLI data, a new GAR Order for Visuals can be established that reflects the changes in use.

Test 2: Is the proposed action consistent with established objectives?

There are no known significant conflicts with established objectives.

Test 3: Would the proposed action unduly reduce the supply of timber from BC's forests?

A final Timber Supply Impact Analysis was conducted to assess the impact of this Order on timber supply. The results of the Analysis indicated that the Recommended Visual Quality Objectives as presented in this order are expected to change the Timber Supply in the SCNRD by approximately 0.4%. Considering the proportion of the SCNRD that is coastal and has significant recreation and tourism use this change is not considered undue.

Test 4: Do public benefits from the action outweigh any material adverse impact on delivered wood costs and any undue constraint on the ability of a forest or range agreement holder to exercise their rights under the agreement?

Visual Quality Objectives can create constraints on harvesting and access to harvesting where landforms have reached their maximum capacity of visible openings to meet objectives. In

some cases, Licensees may have to curtail operations on a landform until visual green-up is achieved which can result in increased operational costs due to additional costs of road maintenance, road reactivation, or mobilization costs where operations are remote and accessible only by barging equipment. These conditions were taken into consideration when reviewing the RVQOs and balancing viewer expectations with operability.

In the DIWG Area, the Review Team acknowledges that the ability of forest agreement holders to access timber will be impacted by the new VQOs and has determined that the imposition on timber operability is outweighed by the need to protect high-value visual resources. The DIWG Area is unique in its scenic beauty and recreational opportunities. Tourism is a significant driver of local economies for its small communities with the archipelago providing opportunities for kayaking, fishing, whale watching, hiking, and many other activities. The forest industry is also active in the DIWG, and it is the onus of the SCNRD to ensure that harvesting activities do not deplete the visual resources in the area. This sentiment was confirmed through the Review and Comment Period with 47 letters submitted by stakeholders in favor of higher standards for visual management.

Recommendation

I have considered all pertinent details related to the recommended visual polygon boundaries and VQO category of alterations proposed in this Order. I have undertaken to follow the GAR Order process and to recognize the important social and economic objectives of all interested parties. I have considered all comments received and have determined that the updated inventory and VQOs have adequately addressed the concerns raised by First Nations, the public, licence holders, and stakeholders. I believe the VQOs adequately balance First Nations, the public, and stakeholders concerns for visual quality management with the interests of licence holders in operational flexibility and a sustainable timber supply.

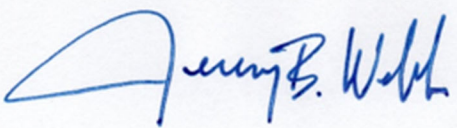
Therefore, I recommend approval of the VQO Order establishing the revised scenic area and VQOs for the Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District.

Review and Recommendation By:


Andrea Rietman, RPF
Licensed Authorizations Officer



Sept. 15, 2022
Date


Jeremy Webb,
Coast Area Visual Resource Management Specialist

September 15, 2022
Date

List of Appendices

Appendix 1: Ministerial Order

- a. Order Legal document
- b. Schedule A Maps of the Established Visual Quality Objectives

Appendix 2: 1997 Established Visual Quality Objective (EVQO) Maps

- a. Maps of the Established Visual Quality Objectives (*EVQO SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf and EVQO SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*)

Appendix 3: Preliminary Referral Process

- a. Letters sent to Licensees
- b. Letters sent to DIWG
- c. Maps of the Recommended Visual Landscape Inventory RVQCs (*RVQC SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf and RVQC SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf*)
- d. Feedback Form
- e. *Preliminary Referral Process Feedback Summary Table*

Appendix 4: Review and Comment Period

- a. *Notification Letter for Initiation of Public Review and Comment*
- f. Maps of the Maps of the Recommended Visual Landscape Inventory RVQCs (*2020-07-10 SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives South.pdf and 2020-07-10 SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives North.pdf*)
- b. *Visual Resource Management information provided on the FTP Site*
- c. *News Paper Advertisements*
- d. *Letters to targeted groups*
- e. *Review and Comment Period Feedback Summary*

Appendix 5: Inventory Reports

- a. *Summary Report, Visual Landscape Re-Inventory, Sunshine Coast Natural Resource District*
- b. *Visual Quality Objective Conformance Monitoring of the Discovery Islands, Campbell River and Sunshine Coast Natural Resource Districts, May 9, 2014*

Appendix 1: Ministerial Order

- a. Order Legal document
- b. Schedule A Maps of the Established
Visual Quality Objectives

Appendix 2: 1997 Established Visual Quality Objective (EVQO) Maps

- a. Maps of the Established Visual Quality Objectives (EVQO SCNRD North Jan17 2019.pdf and EVQO SCNRD South Jan17 2019.pdf)*

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- a. Letters sent to Licensees
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- e. *Preliminary Referral Process Feedback Summary Table*

Appendix 4: Review and Comment Period

- a. Notification Letter for Initiation of Public Review and Comment*
- f. Maps of the Maps of the Recommended Visual Landscape Inventory RVQCs (2020-07-10 SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives South.pdf and 2020-07-10 SCNRD Visual Quality Objectives North.pdf)*
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